

## FEATURES

- » Rated voltage of 48V and capacitance of 36F
- » High power module with ultra-low ESR
- » Exceptional shock and vibration resistance
- » Long lifetimes with up to 1 million duty cycles
- » Integrated UMU (Ultracapacitor Management Unit) for effective cell balancing and monitoring
- » Typical applications:
  - Hybrid Bus, Transportation and Automotive
  - Wind Turbine, Industrial UPS and DVR



\* Image is not to scale

## SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL		EMHSR-0036C0-048R0S
Rated Voltage, $V_R$		<b>48 V<sub>DC</sub></b>
Surge Voltage <sup>1</sup>		51.3 V <sub>DC</sub>
Rated Capacitance <sup>2</sup>		<b>36 F</b>
Capacitance Tolerance	Maximum	0% / +20%
	Average <sup>4</sup>	+5% / +15%
DC-ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) <sup>3</sup>	Maximum	13.0 mΩ
	Average <sup>4</sup>	7.4 mΩ
Typical Leakage Current <sup>5</sup>	Under 36V	1.5 mA
	Over 36V	42 ~ 55 mA
Maximum Peak Current, Non-repetitive <sup>6</sup>		580 A
Maximum Stored Energy, $E_{max}$ <sup>7</sup>		11.5 Wh
Gravimetric Specific Energy <sup>7</sup>		1.2 Wh/kg
Usable Specific Power <sup>7</sup>		2.2 kW/kg
Impedance Match Specific Power <sup>7</sup>		4.6 kW/kg

TEMPERATURE	
Operating Temperature Range	-40 ~ 65°C ( $\Delta$ CAP<5% and $\Delta$ ESR<100% of initial value measured at 25°C)
Storage Temperature Range	-40 ~ 70°C (storage without charge)

LIFE	
Endurance (at $V_R$ and 65°C) <sup>8</sup>	1,500 hours
Room Temperature (at $V_R$ and 25°C) <sup>8</sup>	10 years
Cycle Life (at 25°C) <sup>9</sup>	1,000,000 cycles
Shelf Life	2 years (stored without charge at under 70°C and 40% RH)

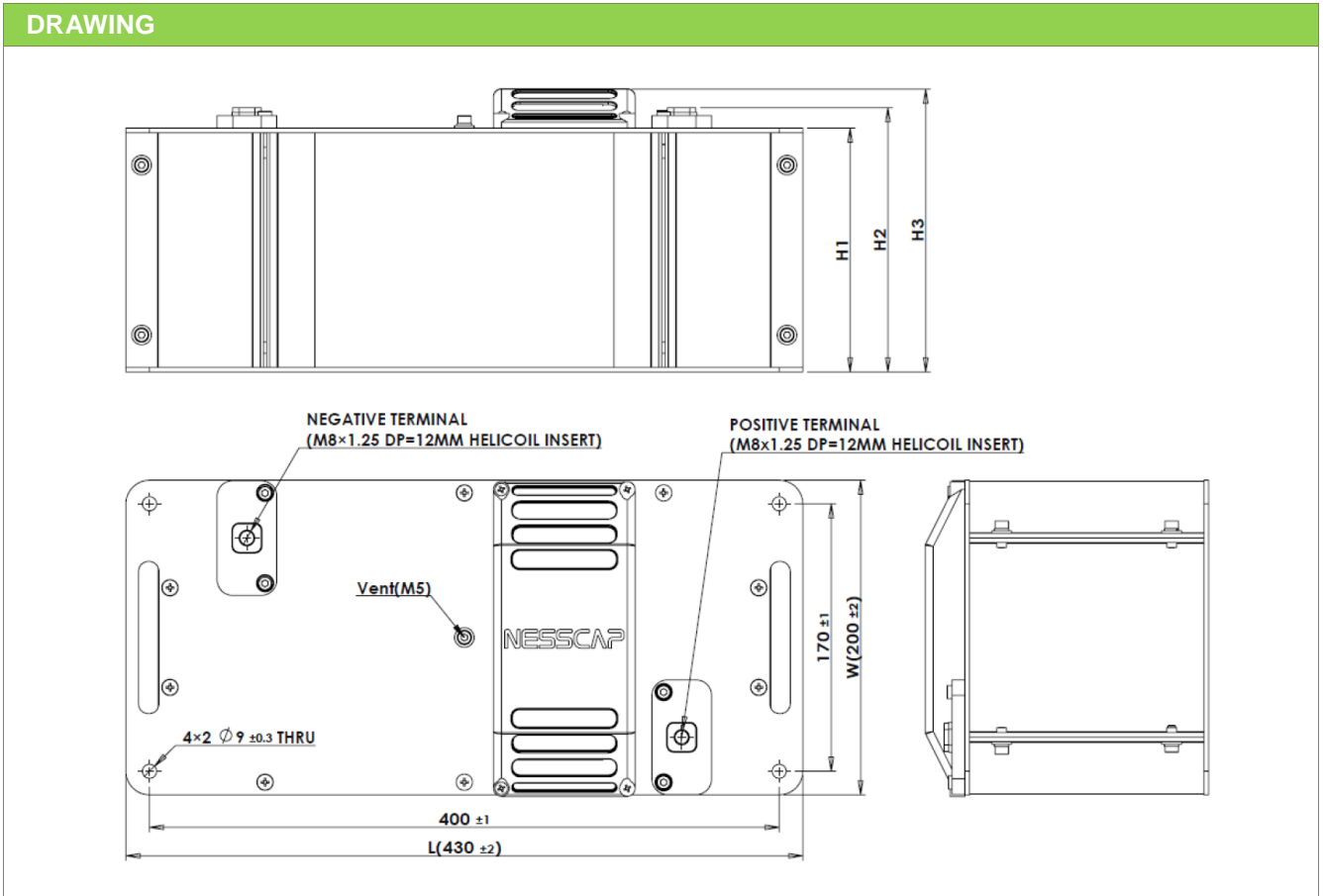
PHYSICAL	
Output Terminals	M8 screw holes
Insulation Coordination	IEC 61287-1 (Category: OV II) Rated insulation voltage: 1kV DC or 2.8kV AC (at 50Hz, 10 sec) Rated impulse withstand voltage: 6kV DC
Protection Degree	IEC 60529 IP 65 (Dust-tight and protected against water jets)
Vibration Specification	SAE J2380
Shock Specification	SAE J2464

SPECIFICATIONS (Cont'd)

UMU / MONITORING	
Cell Balancing	Active single cell balancing
Voltage Monitoring	5V, high and low over-voltage logic signal
Temperature Monitoring	Resistance via NTC thermistor (10kΩ at 25°C)
Connector	Deutsch 4-pin water-proof connector

THERMAL	
Typical Thermal Resistance, $R_{th}$ (Temperature Sensor Output)	0.9 °C/W
Typical Thermal Capacitance, $C_{th}$	3,600 J/°C
Maximum Continuous Current ( $\Delta T = 15^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>10</sup>	35 A
Maximum Continuous Current ( $\Delta T = 40^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>10</sup>	60 A

SAFETY	
RoHS	Compliant
REACH	Cell-level compliant



DIMENSION & WEIGHT					
L (±2.0)	W (±2.0)	H1 (Max)	H2 (Max)	H3 (Max)	Nominal Weight
430 mm	200 mm	74 mm	84 mm	96 mm	9.5 kg

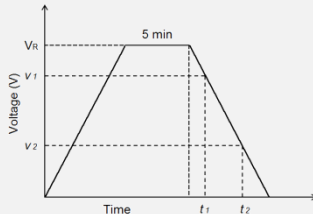
## NOTE

### 1. Surge Voltage

- > Absolute maximum voltage, non-repetitive. The duration must not exceed 1 second.

### 2. Rated Capacitance (Measurement Method)

- > Constant current charge with 4CV [mA] to  $V_R$   
e.g. In case of 48V-36F module,  $4 \times 36 \times 48 = 6,900\text{mA} = 6.9\text{A}$
- > Constant voltage charge at  $V_R$  for 5min.
- > Constant current discharge with 4CV [mA] to 7.2V.

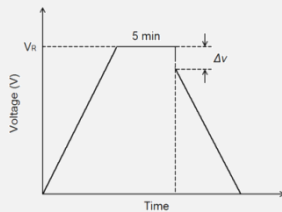


$$C = \frac{I \times (t_2 - t_1)}{v_1 - v_2}$$

- where  $C$  is the capacitance (F);  
 $I$  is the absolute value of the discharge current (A);  
 $v_1$  is the measurement starting voltage,  $0.8 \times V_R$  (V);  
 $v_2$  is the measurement end voltage,  $0.4 \times V_R$  (V);  
 $t_1$  is the time from discharge start to reach  $v_1$  (s);  
 $t_2$  is the time from discharge start to reach  $v_2$  (s);

### 3. DC-ESR (Measurement Method)

- > Constant current charge with 4CV [mA] to  $V_R$ .
- > Constant voltage charge at  $V_R$  for 5min.
- > Constant current discharge with 40CV [mA] to 45V.  
e.g. In case of 48V-36F module,  $40 \times 36 \times 48 = 69,000\text{mA} = 69\text{A}$



$$ESR_{DC} = \frac{\Delta v}{I}$$

- where  $ESR_{DC}$  is the DC-ESR ( $\Omega$ );  
 $\Delta v$  is the voltage drop during first 10ms of discharge (V);  
 $I$  is the absolute value of the discharge current (A)

### 4. Average

- > Typical value or percentage spread that may be present in one Shipment

### 5. Typical Leakage Current (LC)

- > LC under 36V (2V per cell) is equal to the LC of the cell measured at the cell's rated voltage and at room temperature after 72 hours.
- > LC over 36V (2V per cell) is the sum of the LC of the cell and the bypass current created by the active balancing circuit.

### 6. Maximum Peak Current

- > Current for 1-second discharging from the rated voltage to the half rated voltage under the constant current discharging mode

$$I = \frac{\frac{1}{2}V_R}{\Delta t / C + ESR_{DC}}$$

- where  $I$  is the maximum peak current (A);  
 $V_R$  is the rated voltage (V);  
 $\Delta t$  is the discharge time (sec);  $\Delta t = 1$  sec in this case;  
 $C$  is the rated capacitance (F);  
 $ESR_{DC}$  is the maximum DC-ESR ( $\Omega$ );

- > The stated maximum peak current should **not** be used in normal operation and is only provided as a reference value.

### 7. Energy & Power

- > Maximum Stored Energy,  $E_{max}$  (Wh) =  $\frac{\frac{1}{2}CV_R^2}{3600}$
- > Gravimetric Specific Energy (Wh/kg) =  $\frac{E_{Max}}{Weight}$
- > Usable Specific Power (W/kg) =  $\frac{0.12V_R^2}{ESR_{DC} \times Weight}$
- > Impedance Match Specific Power (W/kg) =  $\frac{0.25V_R^2}{ESR_{DC} \times Weight}$

### 8. Endurance and Room Temperature DC Life

- > Test Conditions:
  - Temperature:  $65 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$
  - Applied Voltage:  $V_R \pm 0.02V$
- > End-of-Life Conditions:
  - Capacitance: -20% from the rated minimum value
  - DC-ESR: +100% from the rated maximum value
- > Capacitance and ESR measurements are taken at  $25^\circ\text{C}$

### 9. Cycle Life

- > Test Conditions (1-minute cycle at room temperature):
  - Constant current charge from  $1/2 V_R$  to  $V_R$ .
  - Constant current discharge from  $V_R$  to  $1/2 V_R$ .
  - Repeat the cycle for the desired number of times.

### 10. Maximum Continuous Current

- > Current which can be used within the allowed temperature range under the constant current discharging mode

$$I = \sqrt{\frac{\Delta T}{R_{th} \times ESR_{DC}}}$$

- where  $I$  is the maximum continuous current (A);  
 $\Delta T$  is the change in temperature ( $^\circ\text{C}$ );  
 $R_{th}$  is the thermal resistance ( $^\circ\text{C/W}$ );  
 $ESR_{DC}$  is the DC-ESR ( $\Omega$ )

The contents of this document are subject to change without notice. The values presented are thought to be accurate at the time of writing. Nesscap does not guarantee that the values are always error-free, nor does Nesscap make any other representation or warranty regarding the accuracy or credibility of the information contained in this document. For more information, please reach us at one of following contacts.

 <b>Nesscap Energy Inc.</b> Suite 3800, Royal Bank Plaza, South Tower, 200 Bay Street, P.O. Box 84, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Z4 <b>CANADA</b>	 <b>Nesscap Energy Inc.</b> S24040 Camino Del Avion #A118, Monarch Beach, California, 92629 <b>USA</b>	 <b>Nesscap Co., Ltd.</b> 17, Dongtangiheung-ro 681beon-gil, Giheung-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do <b>REPUBLIC OF KOREA</b>	 <b>Nesscap China</b> Room 1608, Block N, Cangson Building, Chegongmiao, Futian District, Shenzhen City, P.R.C <b>CHINA</b>	 <b>Nesscap Energy GmbH</b> Beerengarten 4 D-86938 Schondorf <b>GERMANY</b>
<a href="mailto:marketing@nesscap.com">marketing@nesscap.com</a>				<a href="mailto:info@nesscap-energy.de">info@nesscap-energy.de</a>